



High-end Power Semiconductor Manufacturer

KP1250A 400V-800V Phase Control Thyristor

- High power cycling capability
- Low on-state and switching losses
- Designed for traction and industrial applications



Mean on-state current			I_{TAV}	1250 A		
Repetitive peak off-state voltage			V_{DRM}	400 – 800 V		
Repetitive peak reverse voltage			V_{RRM}			
Turn-off time			t_q	160, 200, 250, 320, 400, 500 μ s		
V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}, V	400	500	600	700	800	
Voltage code	4	5	6	7	8	
$T_j, ^\circ\text{C}$	-60 – 150					

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions	
ON-STATE					
I_{TAV}	Mean on-state current	A	1250	$T_c=85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, Double side cooled 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{TRMS}	RMS on-state current	A	1962.5	$T_c=85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, Double side cooled 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{TSM}	Surge on-state current	kA	22.0 25.0	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			23.0 26.0	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
I^2t	Safety factor	$\text{A}^2\text{s}\cdot 10^3$	2400 3100	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			2100 2800	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
BLOCKING					
V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	400–800	$T_{j\min}<T_j<T_{j\max}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz; Gate open	
V_{DSM}, V_{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak off-state and Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	500–900	$T_{j\min}<T_j<T_{j\max}$; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse; Gate open	
V_D, V_R	Direct off-state and Direct reverse voltages	V	$0.6\cdot V_{DRM}$ $0.6\cdot V_{RRM}$	$T_j=T_{j\max}$; Gate open	

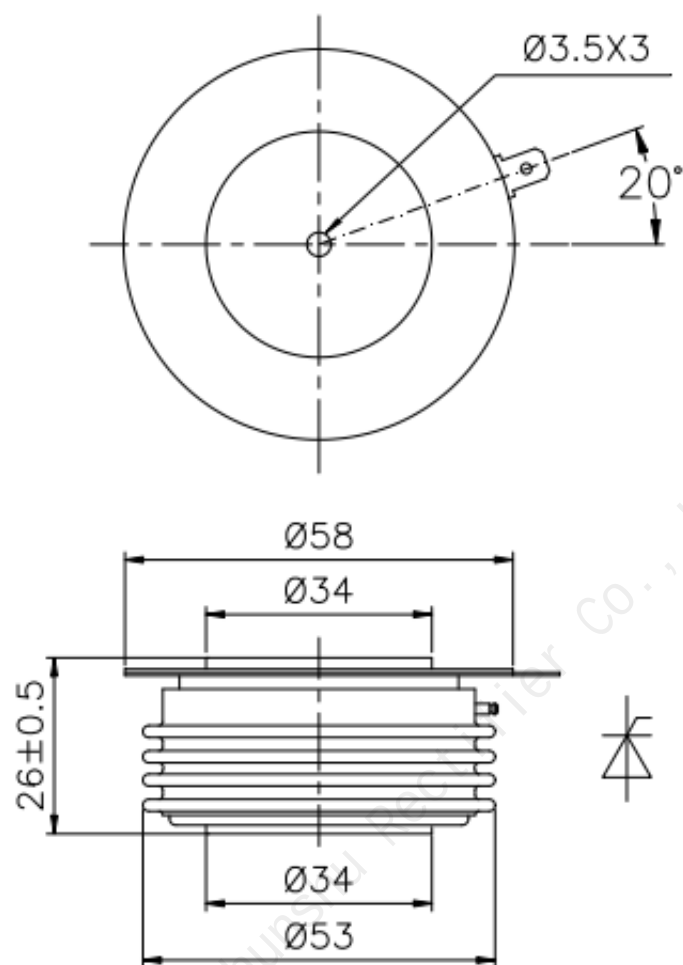
TRIGGERING				
I_{FGM}	Peak forward gate current	A	8	$T_j = T_{j \max}$
V_{RGM}	Peak reverse gate voltage	V	5	
P_G	Gate power dissipation	W	4	$T_j = T_{j \max}$ for DC gate current
SWITCHING				
$(di_T/dt)_{crit}$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current non-repetitive ($f=1$ Hz)	A/ μ s	800	$T_j = T_{j \max}$; $V_D = 0.67 \cdot V_{DRM}$; $I_{TM} = 3500$ A; Gate pulse: $I_G = 2$ A; $t_{GP} = 50 \mu$ s; $di_G/dt \geq 2$ A/ μ s
THERMAL				
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	$^{\circ}$ C	-60 – 50	
T_j	Operating junction temperature	$^{\circ}$ C	-60 – 150	
MECHANICAL				
F	Mounting force	kN	14.0 – 16.0	
a	Acceleration	m/s ²	50	Device clamped

CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions	
ON-STATE					
V _{TM}	Peak on-state voltage, max	V	1.75	T _j =25 °C; I _{TM} =3925 A	
V _{T(TO)}	On-state threshold voltage, max	V	0.920	T _j =T _{j max} ;	
r _T	On-state slope resistance, max	mΩ	0.197	0.5 π I _{TAV} < I _T < 1.5 π I _{TAV}	
I _L	Latching current, max	mA	1000	T _j =25 °C; V _D =12 V; Gate pulse: I _G =2 A; t _{GP} =50 μs; di _G /dt≥1 A/μs	
I _H	Holding current, max	mA	300	T _j =25 °C; V _D =12 V; Gate open	
BLOCKING					
I _{DRM} , I _{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse currents, max	mA	100	T _j =T _{j max} ; V _D =V _{DRM} ; V _R =V _{RRM}	
(dv _D /dt) _{crit}	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage ¹⁾ , min	V/μs	200, 320, 500, 1000, 1600, 2000, 2500	T _j =T _{j max} ; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM} ; Gate open	
TRIGGERING					
V _{GT}	Gate trigger direct voltage, max	V	2.50 1.50	T _j =25 °C T _j = T _{j max}	V _D =12 V; I _D =3 A; Direct gate current
I _{GT}	Gate trigger direct current, max	mA	250 150	T _j = 25 °C T _j = T _{j max}	
V _{GD}	Gate non-trigger direct voltage, min	V	0.55	T _j =T _{j max} ; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM} ;	
I _{GD}	Gate non-trigger direct current, min	mA	70.00	Direct gate current	
SWITCHING					
t _{gd}	Delay time, max	μs	0.85	T _j =25 °C; V _D =600 V; I _{TM} =I _{TAV} ; di/dt=200 A/μs;	
t _{gt}	Turn-on time, max	μs	4.00	Gate pulse: I _G =2 A; V _G =20 V; t _{GP} =50 μs; di _G /dt=2 A/μs	
t _q	Turn-off time ²⁾ , max	μs	160, 200, 250, 320, 400, 500	dv _D /dt=50 V/μs; T _j =T _{j max} ; I _{TM} = I _{TAV} ; di _R /dt=-10 A/μs; V _R =100V; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM}	
Q _{rr}	Total recovered charge, max	μC	1100	T _j =T _{j max} ; I _{TM} =1250 A;	
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time, max	μs	18	di _R /dt=-10 A/μs;	
I _{rrM}	Peak reverse recovery current, max	A	122	V _R =100 V	

THERMAL					
R _{thjc}	Thermal resistance, junction to case, max	°C/W	0.030	Direct current	Double side cooled
R _{thjc-A}			0.066		Anode side cooled
R _{thjc-K}			0.054		Cathode side cooled
R _{thck}	Thermal resistance, case to heatsink, max	°C/W	0.006	Direct current	
MECHANICAL					
w	Weight, max	g	210		
D _s	Surface creepage distance	mm (inch)	7.86 (0.309)		
D _a	Air strike distance	mm (inch)	6.10 (0.240)		

OVERALL DIMENSIONS



KT40

All dimensions in millimeters

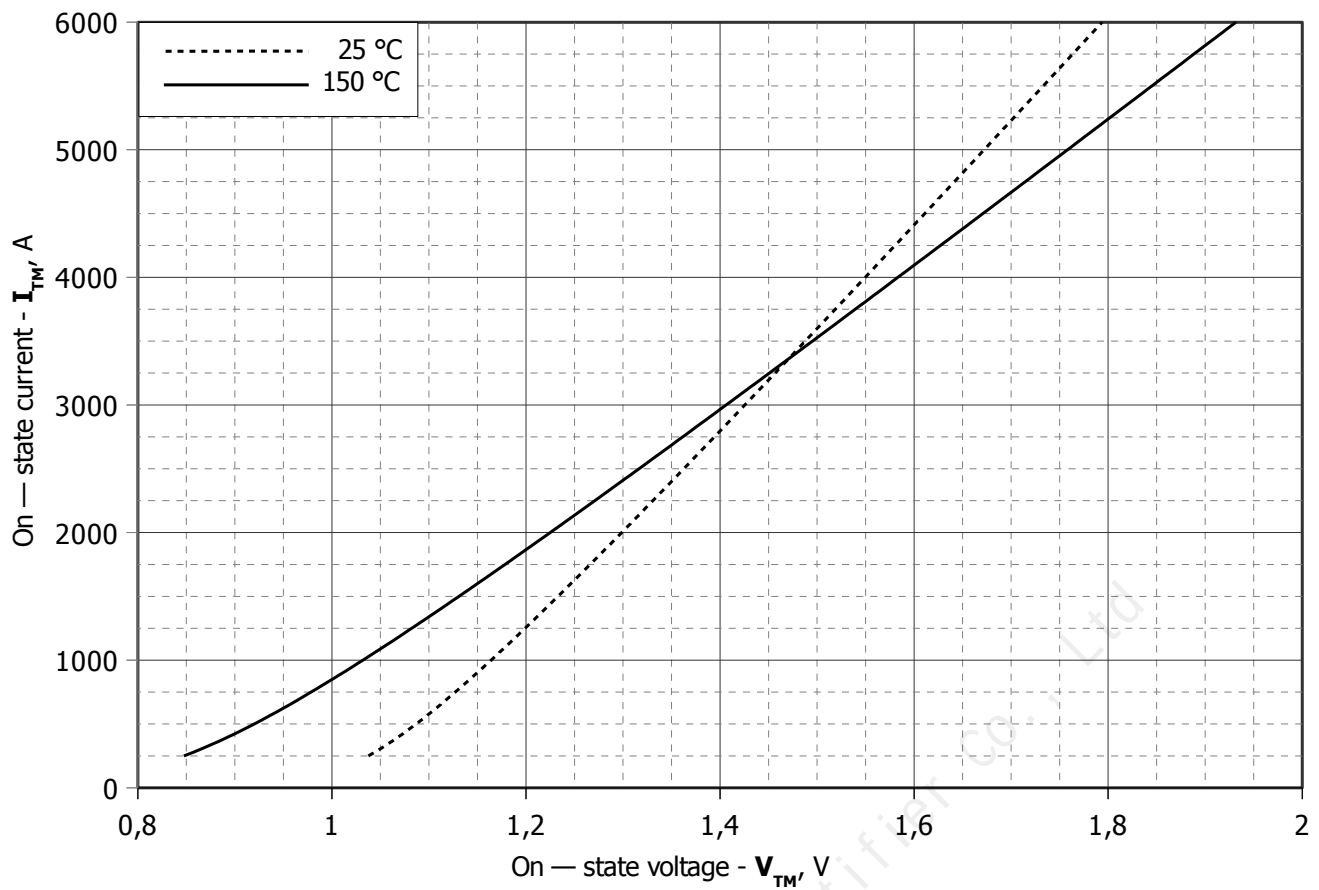


Fig 1 – On-state characteristics of Limit device

Analytical function for On-state characteristic:

$$V_T = A + B \cdot i_T + C \cdot \ln(i_T + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_T}$$

	Coefficients for max curves	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_j = T_{j\max}$
A	0.82795000	0.51947000
B	0.00012036	0.00017283
C	0.03462400	0.05552300
D	-0.00074257	-0.00139100

On-state characteristic model (see Fig. 1)

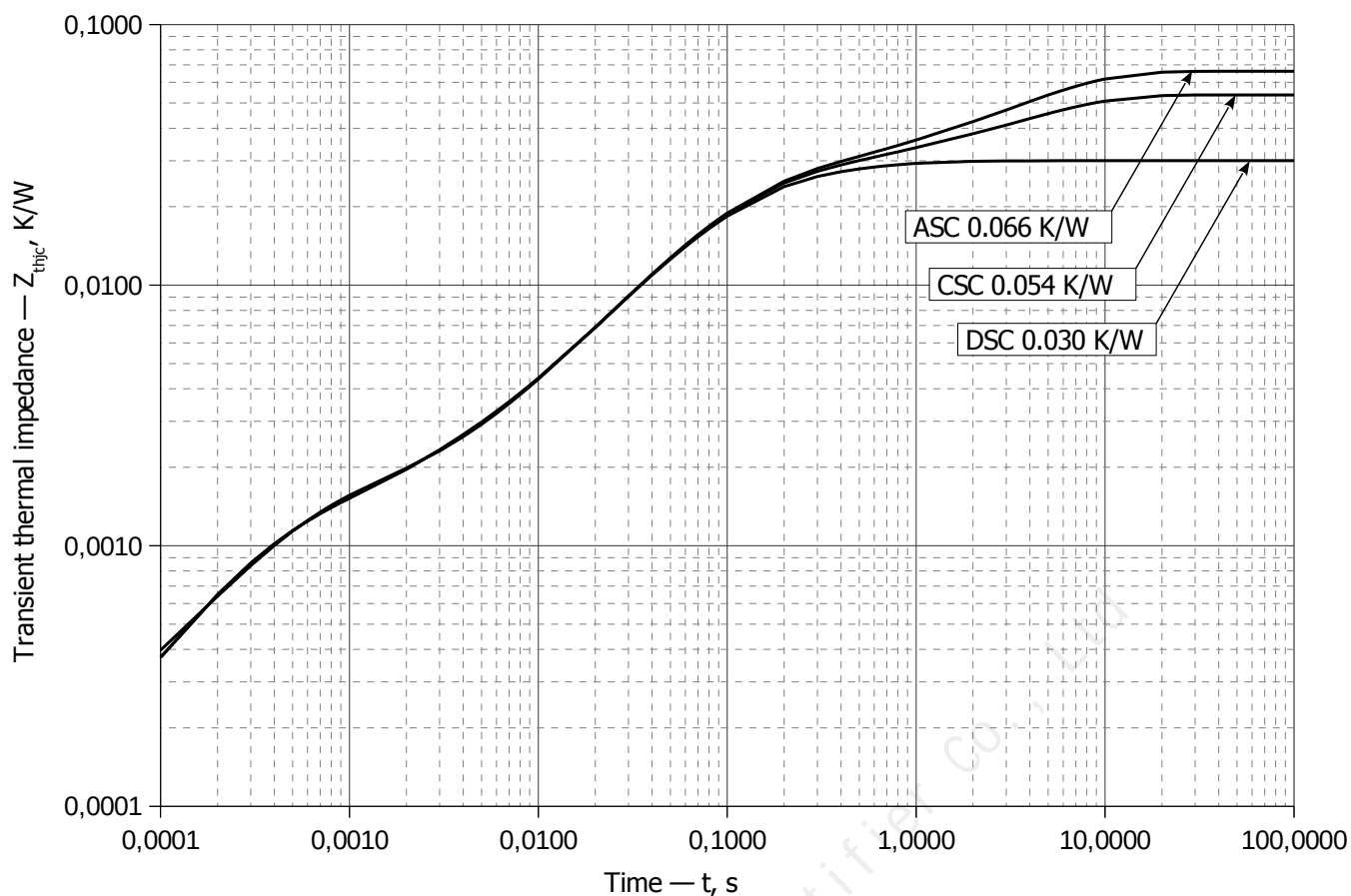


Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance Z_{thjc} vs. time t

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where $i = 1$ to n , n is the number of terms in the series.

t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

Z_{thjc} = Thermal resistance at time t .

R_i = Amplitude of p_{th} term.

τ_i = Time constant of r_{th} term.

DC Double side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
R_i , K/W	0.0007052	0.01986	0.001443	0.006652	0.001253	0.00009733
τ_i , s	1.200	0.083	0.0205	0.350	0.0004173	0.000001

DC Anode side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
R_i , K/W	0.03615	0.006266	0.0178	0.004365	0.0004912	0.001067
τ_i , s	4.713	0.5062	0.09497	0.04557	0.002123	0.0002807

DC Cathode side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
R_i , K/W	0.001065	0.0004934	0.004583	0.01764	0.006202	0.0237
τ_i , s	0.0002798	0.002114	0.04598	0.09501	0.4891	4.712

Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} model (see Fig. 2)

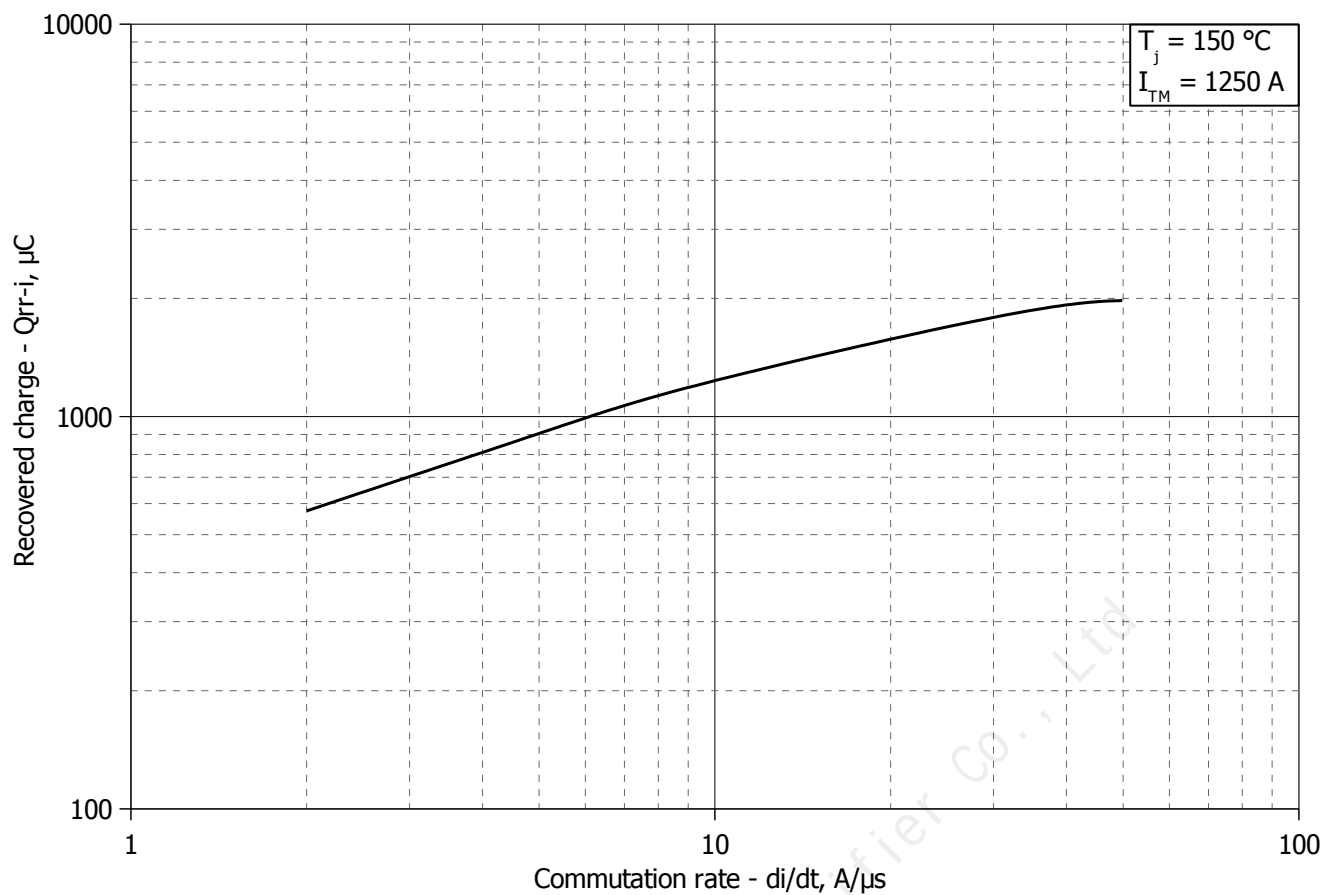


Fig 3 – Maximum recovered charge Q_{rr-i} (integral) vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

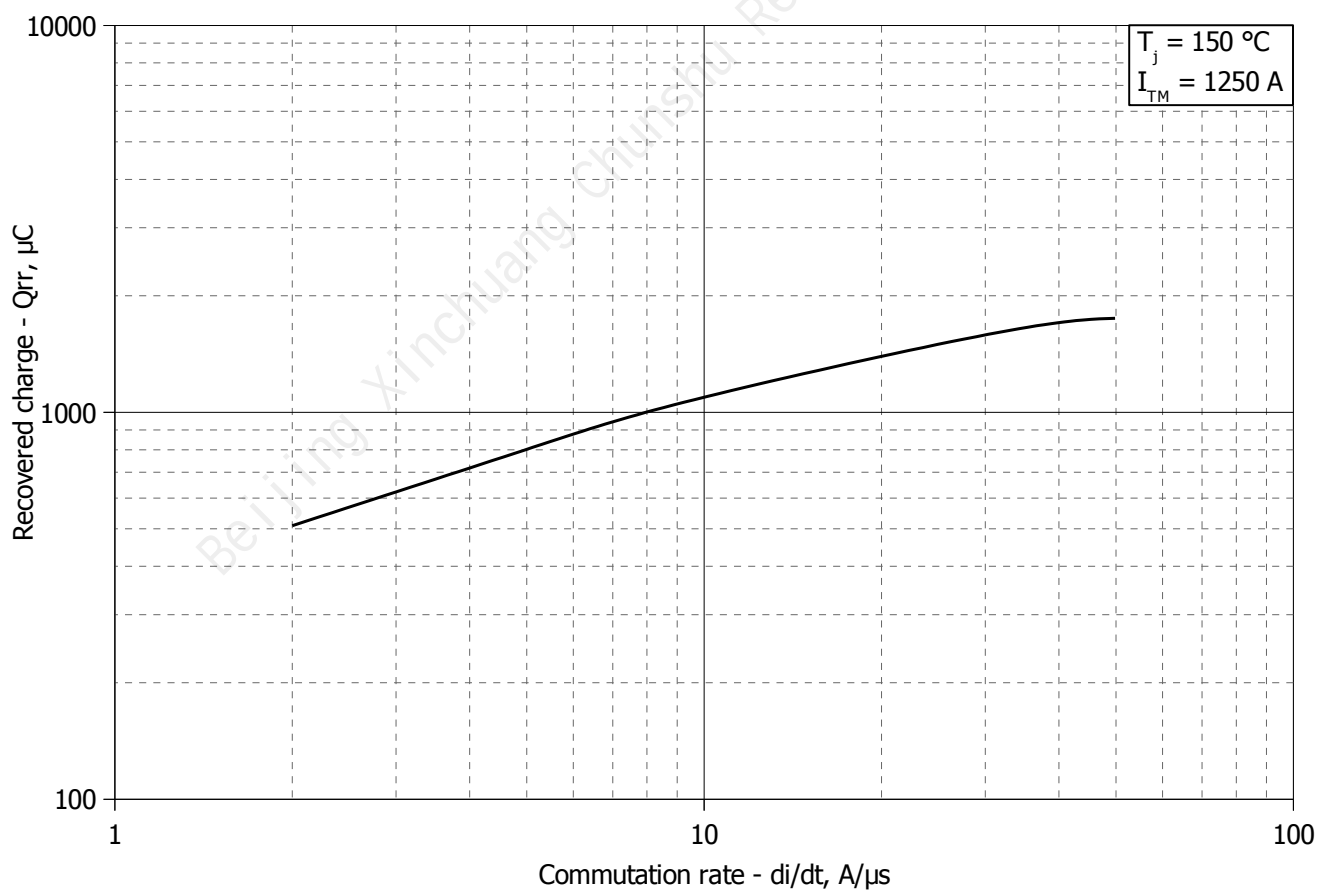


Fig 4 – Maximum recovered charge Q_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

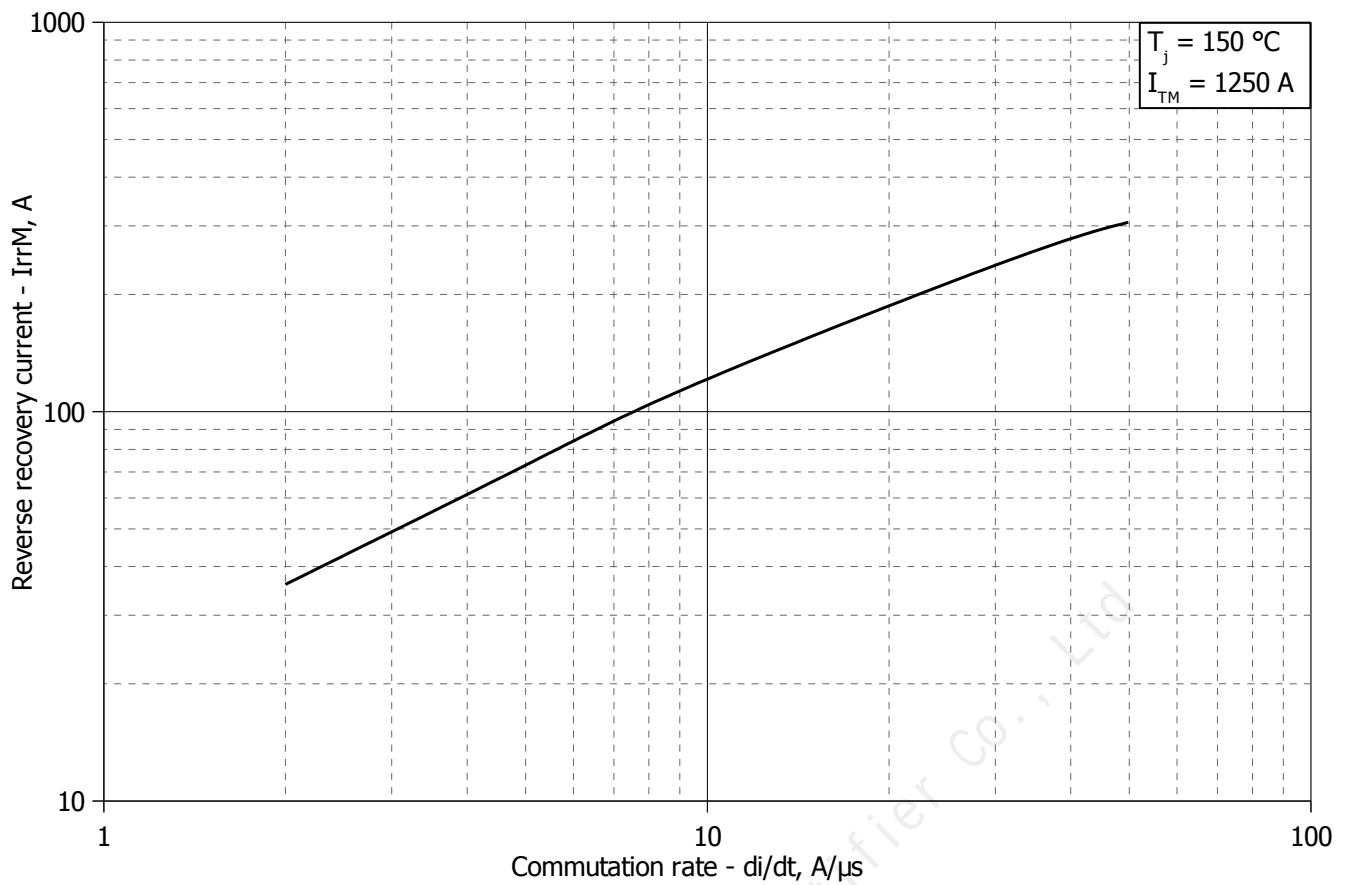


Fig 5 – Maximum reverse recovery current I_{rrM} vs. commutation rate di_r/dt

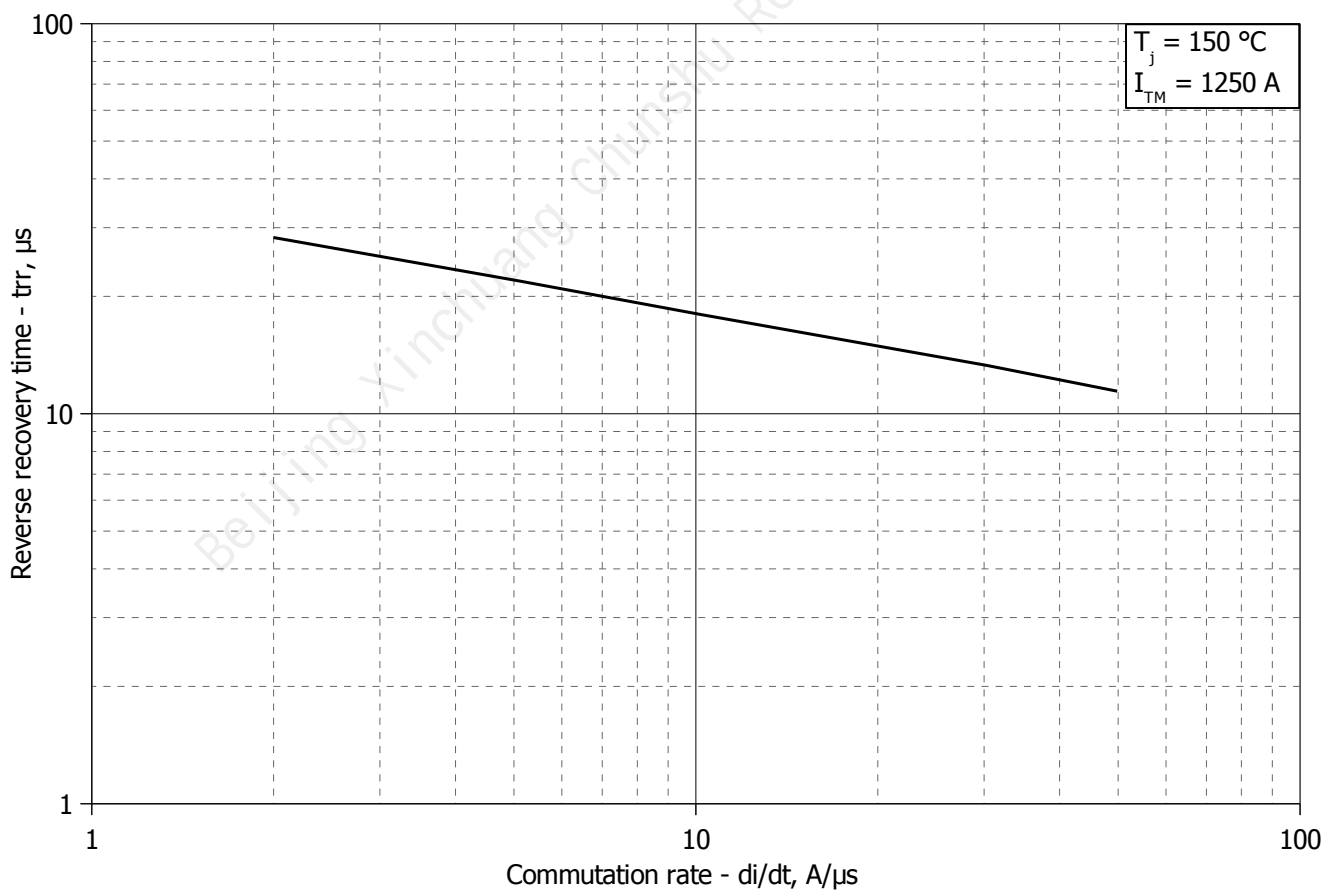


Fig 6 – Maximum recovery time t_r vs. commutation rate di_r/dt (25% chord)

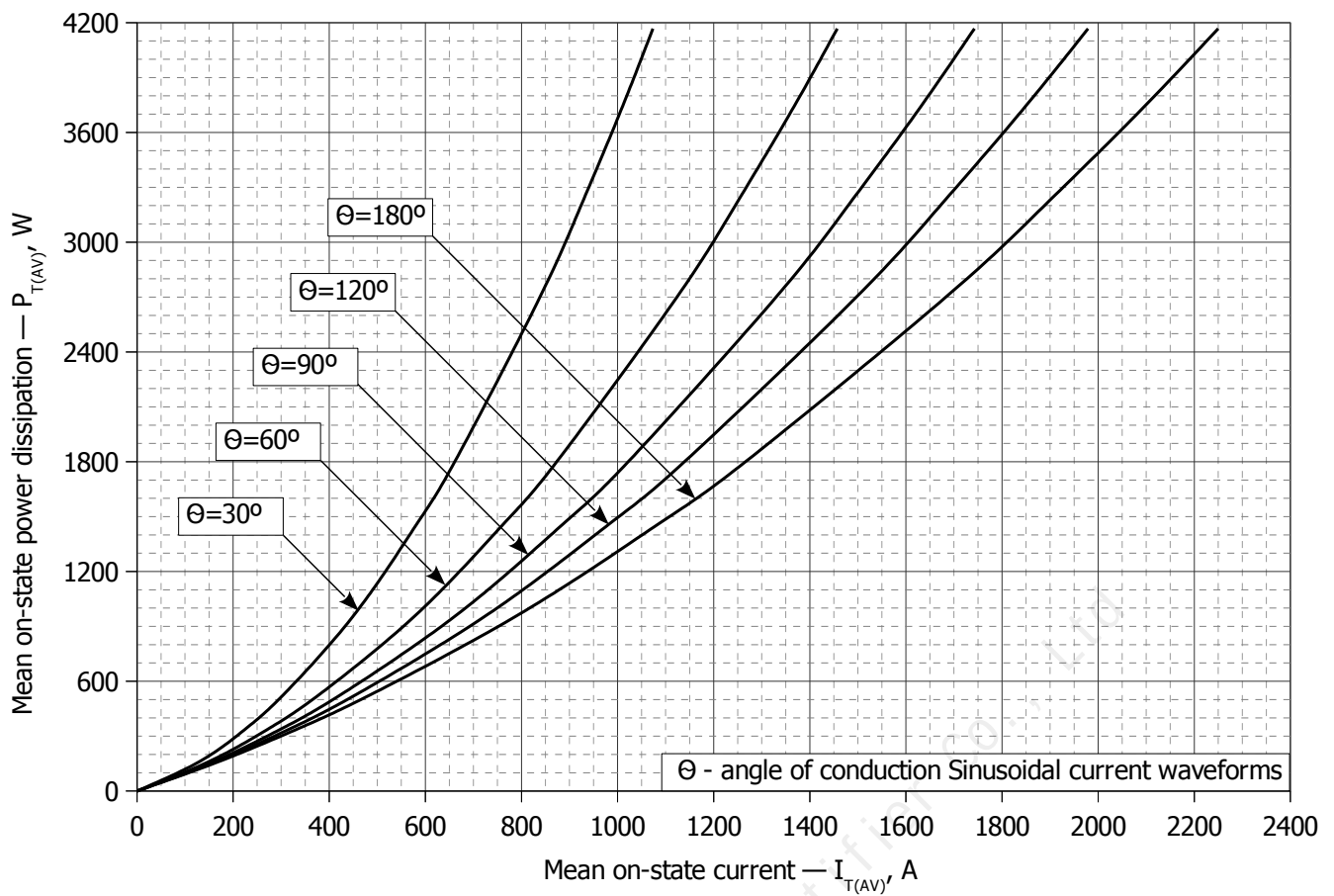


Fig. 7 - Mean on-state power dissipation P_{TAV} vs. mean on-state current I_{TAV} for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$, DSC)

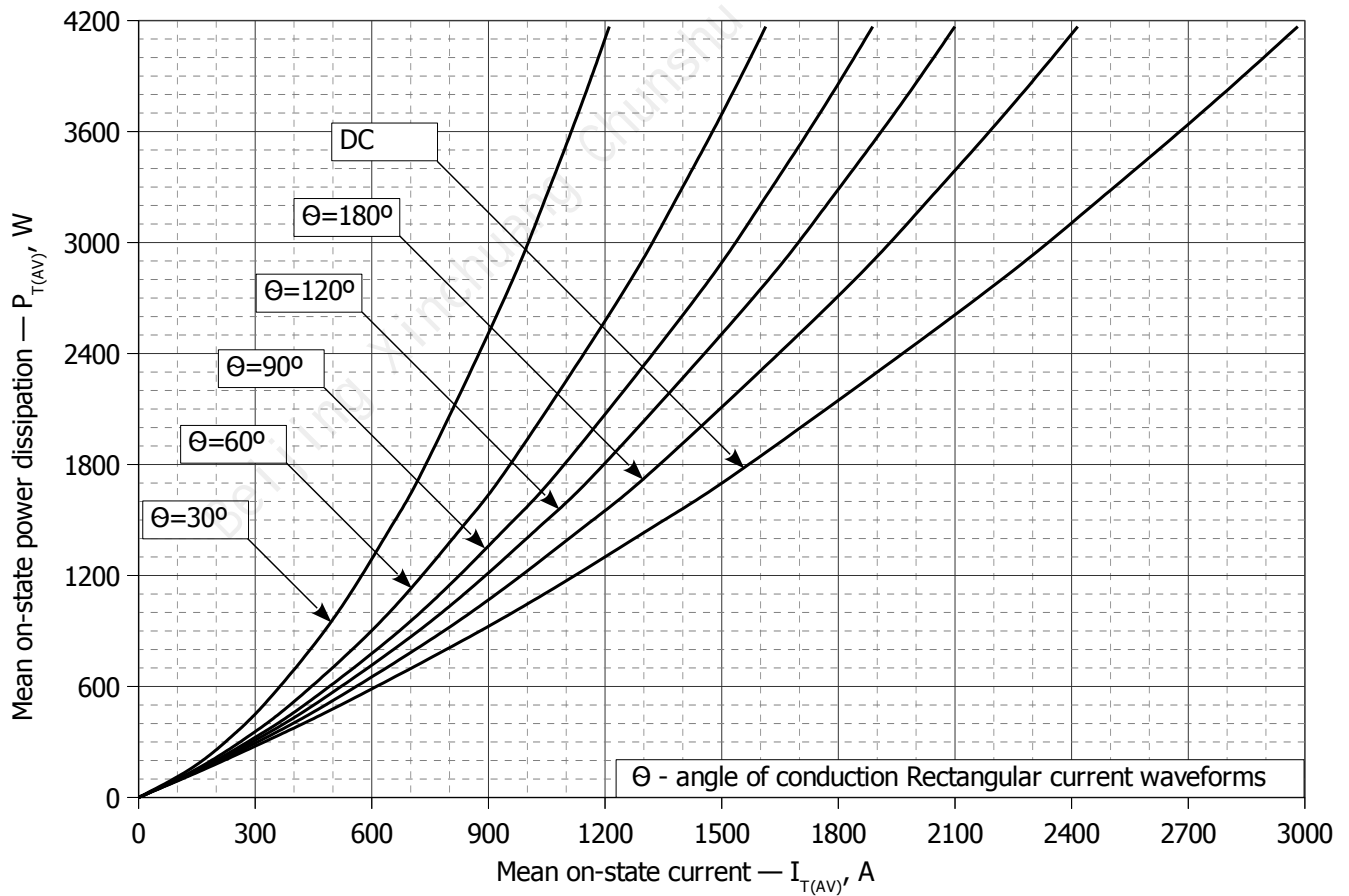


Fig. 8 – Mean on-state power dissipation P_{TAV} vs. mean on-state current I_{TAV} for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$, DSC)

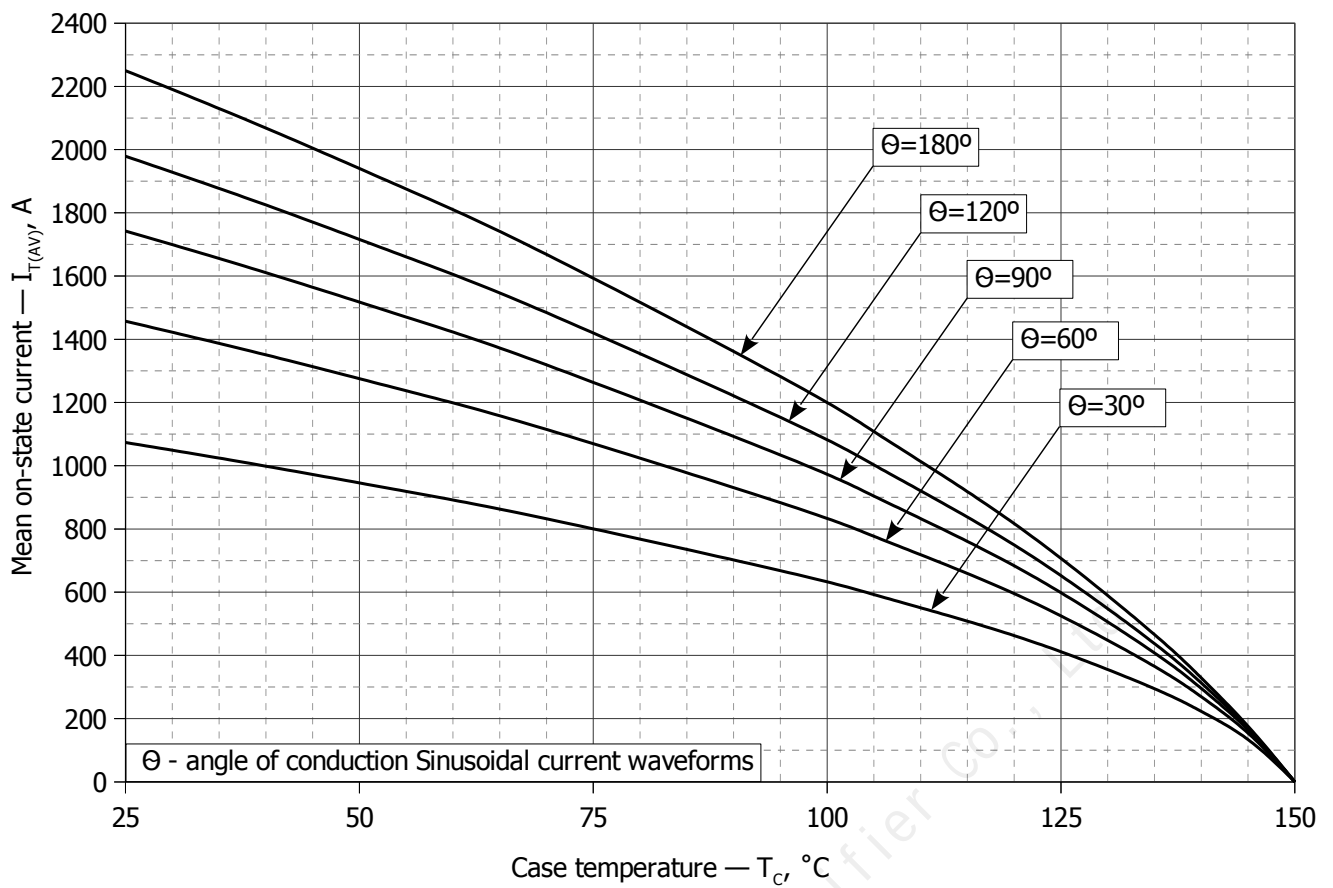


Fig. 9 – Mean on-state current I_{TAV} vs. case temperature T_c for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$, DSC)

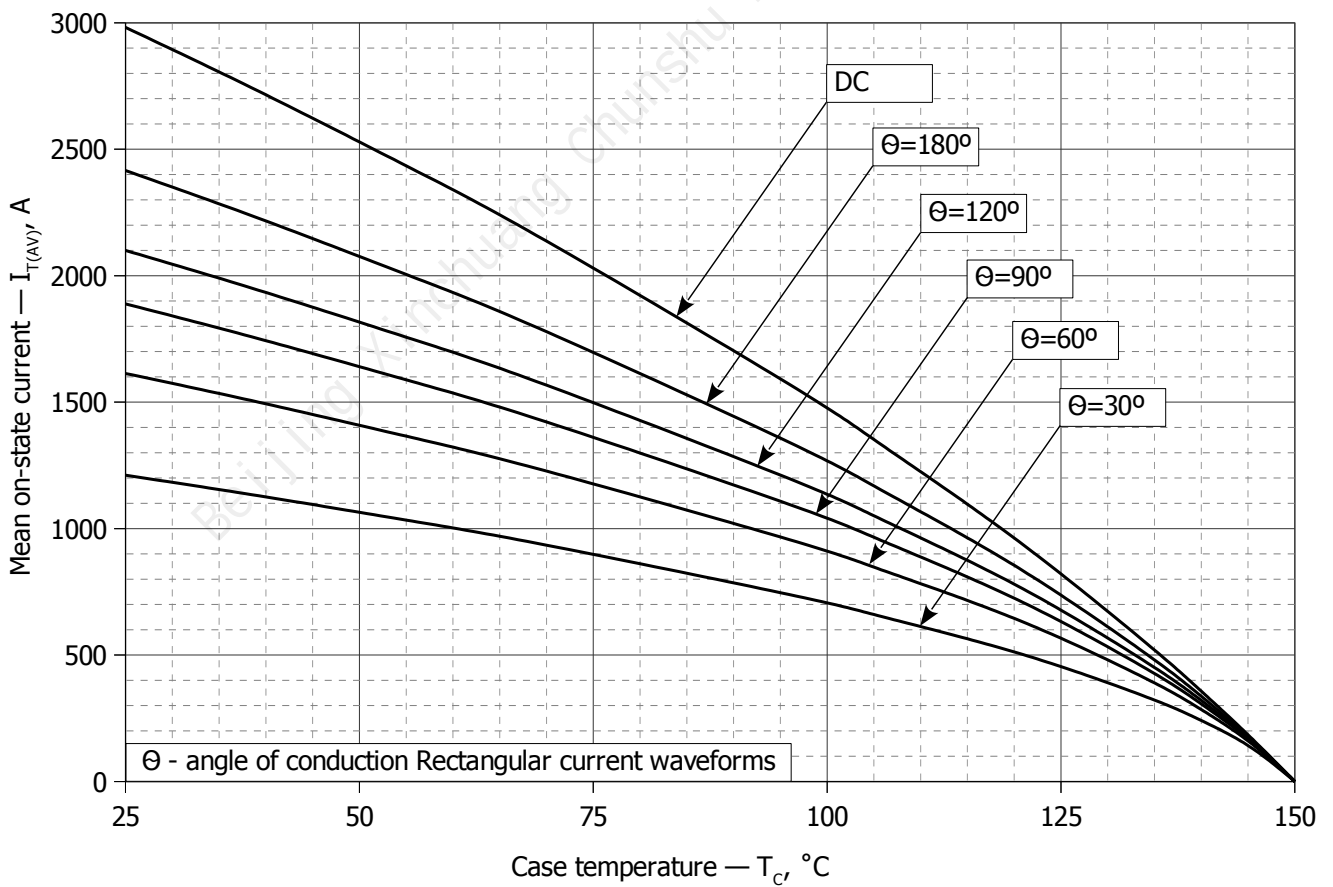


Fig. 10 - Mean on-state current I_{TAV} vs. case temperature T_c for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$, DSC)

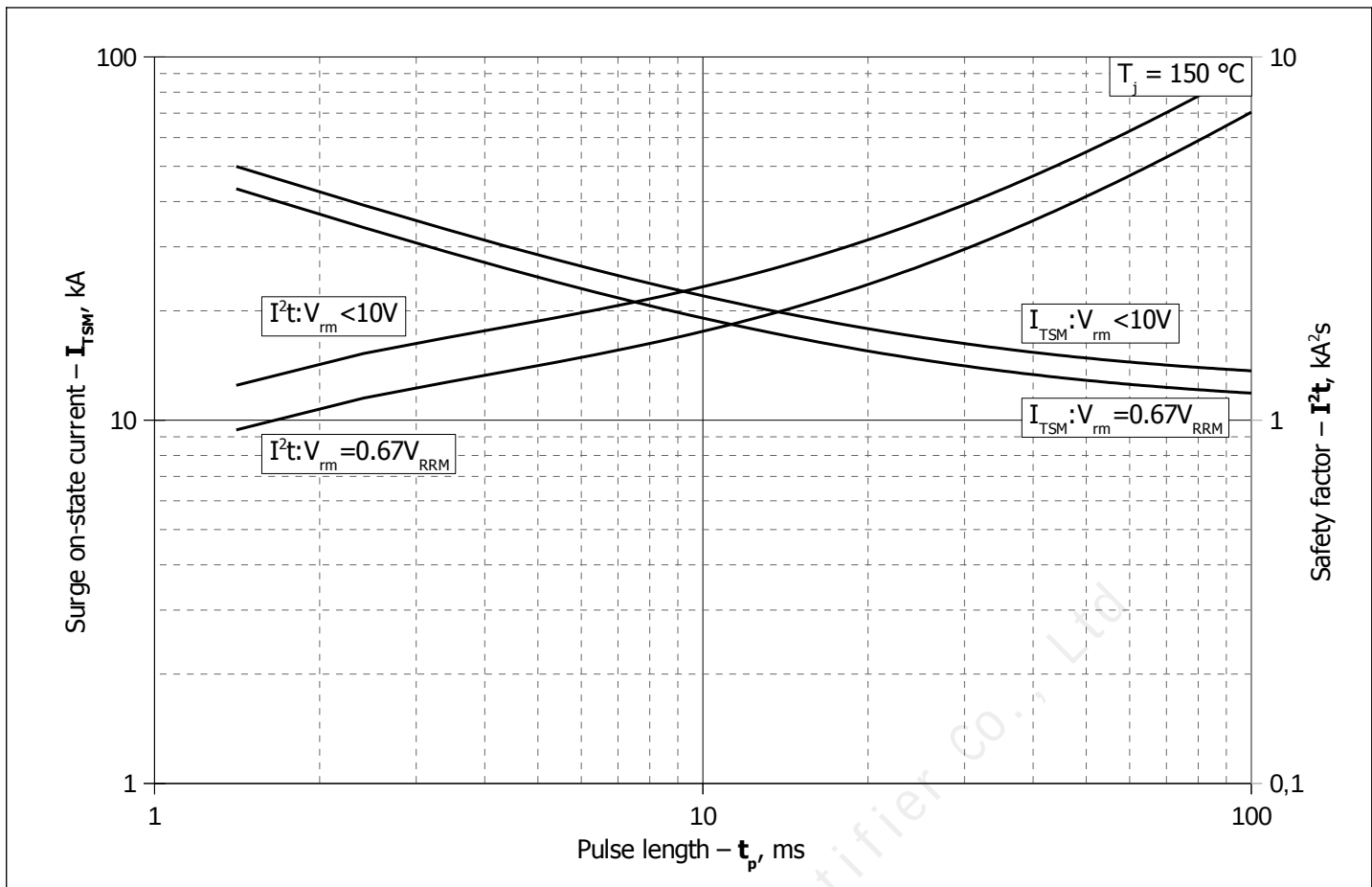


Fig. 11 – Maximum surge on-state current I_{TSM} and safety factor I^2t vs. pulse length t_p

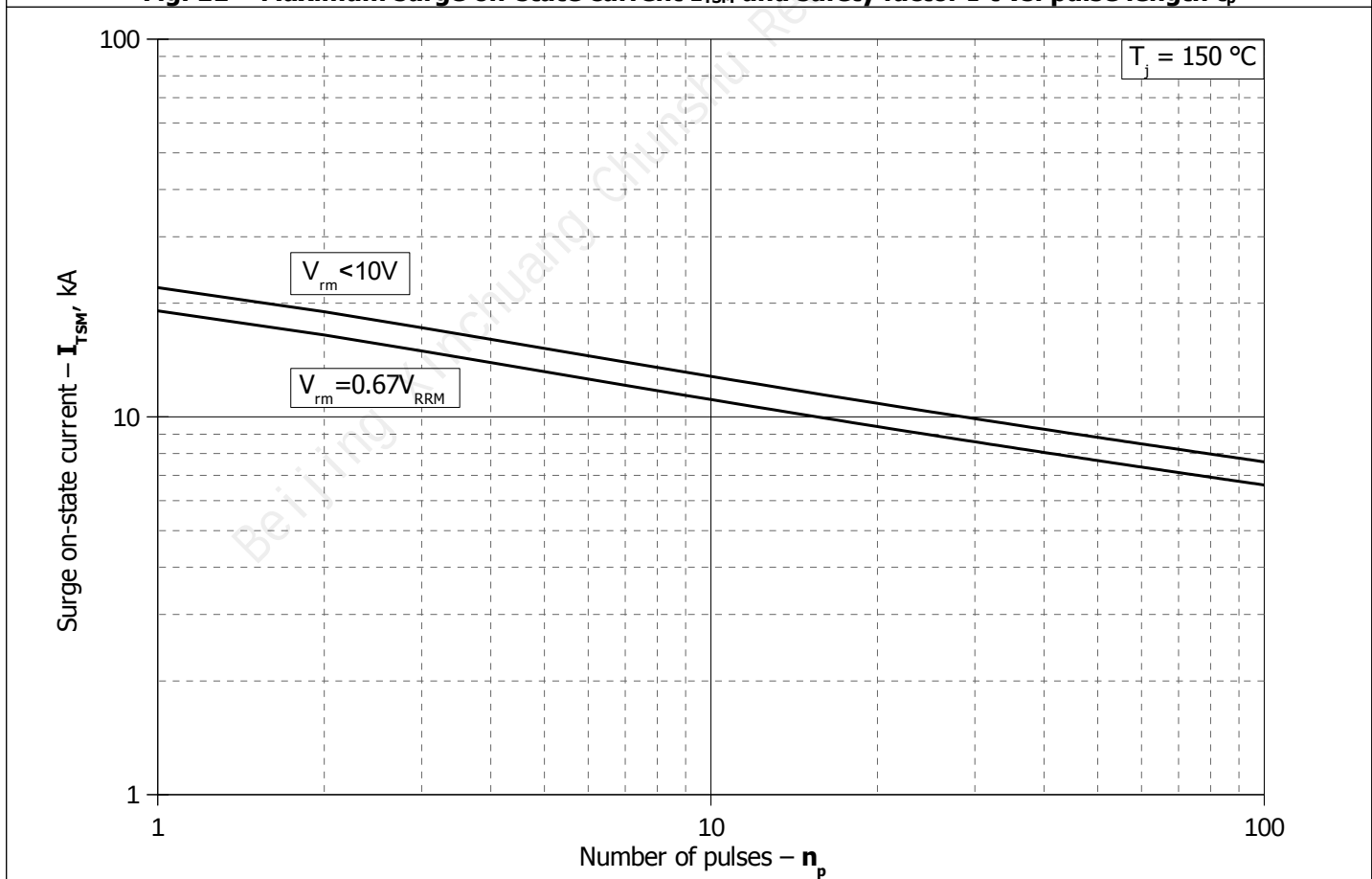


Fig. 12 - Maximum surge on-state current I_{TSM} vs. number of pulses n_p